

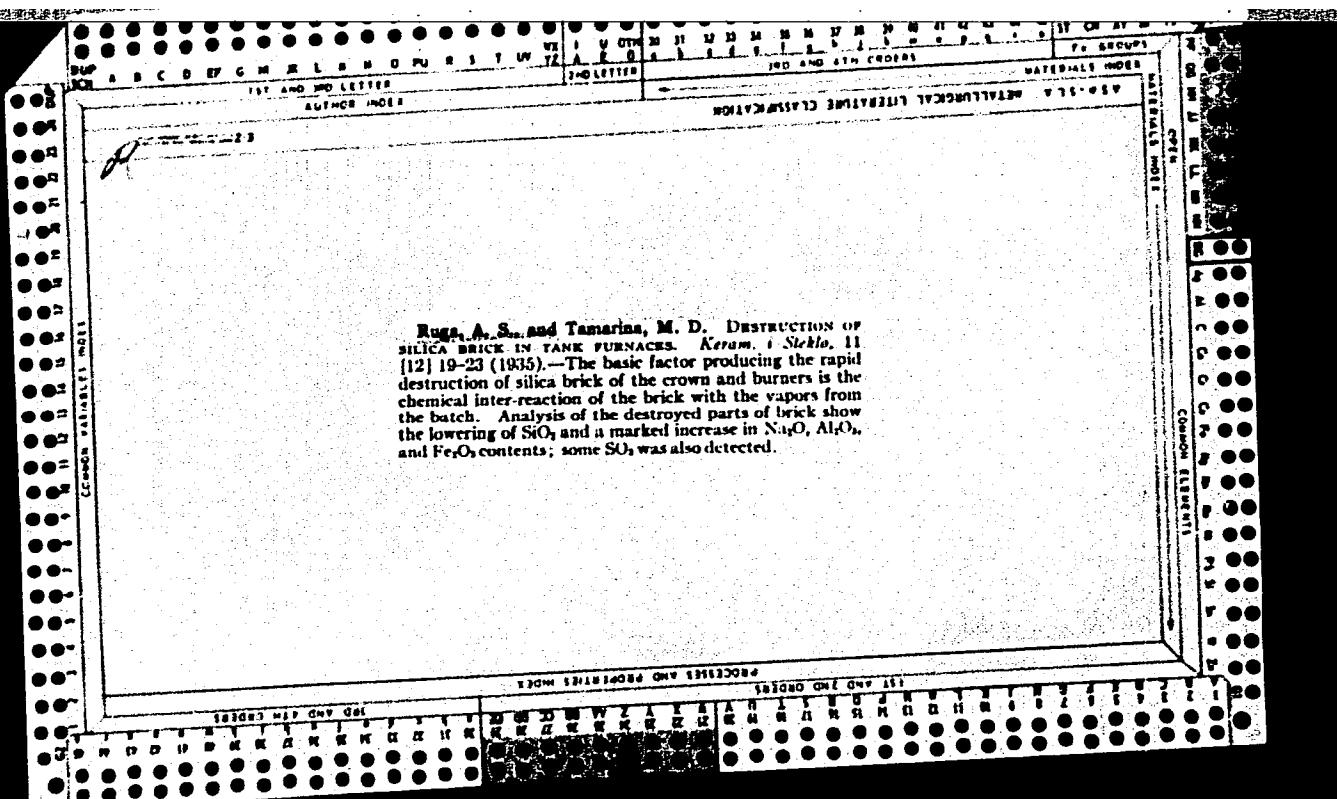
Ruca, A. S.

*Mello ✓* 348. Change the mullite-block cooling-system.—A. S. RUCA and T. I. SEREGIN (Glass & Ceramic, Moscow, 12, No. 6, 1955). In Russian. Criticism of a complicated system for cooling the mullite blocks used in Russian glass-tanks (9 figs.)

RUGA, A. S.

1ST AND 2ND ORDERS	3RD AND 4TH ORDERS
PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX	
Medium (temperature) repair of tank furnaces. A. A. LITVAKOVSKI AND A. S. RUGA. <i>Sichol'naya i Keram. Prom.</i> , 1949, No. V-12, pp. 7-8.—Medium temperature repair of tank furnaces at the Gor'kiy glass plant prolonged the furnace campaign between ordinary cold repairs to 3 years instead of 1.5 years. The salient features of the method are as follows: the glass melt is not withdrawn from the tank furnace, the feeding of generator gas into the tank furnace is completely stopped, the Foucault channel is heated during the repairs in the usual manner, cooling and reheating are accelerated, and repairs are widely distributed. B.Z.K.	

		1ST AND 2ND ORDERS		3RD AND 4TH ORDERS		5TH AND 6TH ORDERS		7TH AND 8TH ORDERS		9TH AND 10TH ORDERS	
PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX											
<p>Medium (temperature) repair of tank furnaces. A. A. LITVAKOVSKI AND A. S. RYUA. <i>Steklo i Keram Prom.</i>, 1946, No. 11-12, pp. 7-8.—Medium temperature repair of tank furnaces at the Gor'kiy glass plant prolonged the furnace campaign between ordinary cold repairs to 3 years instead of 1.5 years. The salient features of the method are as follows: the glass melt is not withdrawn from the tank furnace, the feeding of generator gas into the tank furnace is completely stopped, the Bourcault channel is heated during the repairs in the usual manner, cooling and reheating are accelerated, and repairs are widely distributed. B.Z.K.</p>											
CODES OF LETTERS											
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MATERIALS INDEX											
ASB-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION											
SECOND DIVISION		THIRD DIVISION		FOURTH DIVISION		FIFTH DIVISION		SIXTH DIVISION		SEVENTH DIVISION	
1. IRON AND STEEL	2. ALUMINUM AND OTHER METALS	3. OXIDES	4. GLASS	5. CERAMICS	6. MINERALS	7. MINING	8. METALLURGY	9. INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY	10. INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING	11. INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE	12. INDUSTRIAL SAFETY
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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001446010013-1

Ruga, A.S.

3  
161

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001446010013-1"

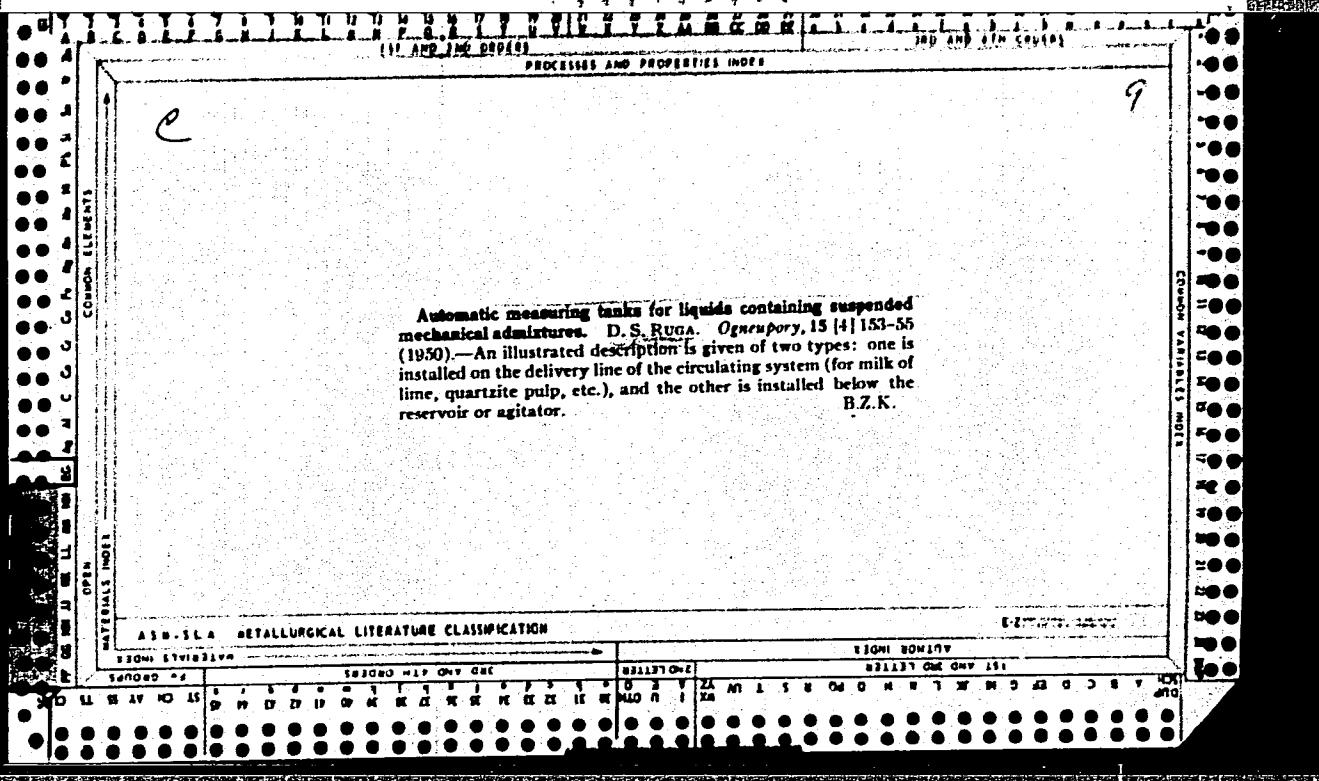
RUGA,A.S.; SERGIN,T.I.

The cooling method of mullite beams should be changed. Stek.  
i ker. 12 no.6:13-16 Je '55. (MIRA 8:9)  
(Glass manufacture) (Refractory materials)

1ST AND 2ND QUARTERS										3RD AND 4TH QUARTERS																																																																																									
PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX																																																																																																			
<p><i>CA</i></p> <p>Medium-temperature repair of tank furnaces at the Gor'kii glass works. A. S. Ruga. <i>Steklo-naya i Keram.</i>, Prom. 3, No. 11/12, 7-8(1940). — Medium-temp. repair method is based on following: glass melt is not withdrawn from the tank furnace, feeding of generator gas into tank furnace is completely stopped, Fourier channel is heated during repairs in the usual manner, cooling and reheating are accelerated, and repairs are widely distributed. Service of tank furnace between repairs was raised from 1.5 to 3 yrs. <i>B. Z. Kamich</i> <span style="float: right;">19</span></p>																																																																																																			
<p>ASMA-LA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">GENERAL SUBJECTIVE</th> <th colspan="14">SUBJECTIVE</th> <th colspan="3">EXPLANATION</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> <th>5</th> <th>6</th> <th>7</th> <th>8</th> <th>9</th> <th>10</th> <th>11</th> <th>12</th> <th>13</th> <th>14</th> <th>15</th> <th>16</th> <th>17</th> <th>18</th> <th>19</th> <th>20</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>14</td> <td>19</td> <td>NO</td> <td>15</td> <td>9</td> <td>W</td> <td>D</td> <td>O</td> <td>U</td> <td>M</td> <td>N</td> <td>K</td> <td>R</td> <td>I</td> <td>H</td> <td>P</td> <td>L</td> <td>T</td> <td>S</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> <td>7</td> <td>8</td> <td>9</td> <td>10</td> <td>11</td> <td>12</td> <td>13</td> <td>14</td> <td>15</td> <td>16</td> <td>17</td> <td>18</td> <td>19</td> <td>20</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>																				GENERAL SUBJECTIVE			SUBJECTIVE														EXPLANATION			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	10	14	19	NO	15	9	W	D	O	U	M	N	K	R	I	H	P	L	T	S	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
GENERAL SUBJECTIVE			SUBJECTIVE														EXPLANATION																																																																																		
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C.A.

Automatic measuring tanks for liquids containing suspended mechanical admixtures. D. A. Berger. *Ogarkovy* 15, 153-5(1930).—Illustrated description of two types: one is installed on the delivery line of circulating system (for milk of lime, quartzite slime, etc.) and the other is installed below the reservoir or agitator. B. Z. Kamich



CA

19

Changing the process of Dinas' production as a means of  
combating dust. D. S. Rugg. *Ognepory* 14, 431-44  
(1949). R. Z. K.

15(2)

AUTHOR:

Ruga, D. S.

SOV/131-59-3-2/18

TITLE:

Model Design of a Press Department With a Capacity of 200,000 t  
Refractory Chamotte Products per Year (Tipovoy proyekt presso-  
vogo otdeleniya proizvoditel'nost'yu 200 tys. t shamotnykh  
ogneuporov v god)

PERIODICAL:

Ogneupory, 1959, № 3, pp 101-107 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The present abstract to be discussed deals with a model design worked out by the Vsesoyuznyy institut ogneuporov (All-Union Institute for Refractories). The design comprises the working process from the charge bunkers to the pressing of the products and settling them on the hoppers. In this design the latest achievements in the field of pressing by means of the "half-dry" method are dealt with in detail. A comparison of the characteristic coefficients (see table) shows that the arrangement of the press departments is determined by the solution of the mass transport and the settling of the unworked pieces on the hoppers. Apart from the characteristic coefficients of the model design also the characteristic coefficients of the Vostochno-Sibirskiy shamotnyy zavod (East Siberian Chamotte Plant) as well as of the Karagandinskiy ogneupornyy zavod (Karaganda Plant for Refractories) are mentioned in the table. The model design was

Card 1/2

SOV/131-59-3-2/18  
Model Design of a Press Department With a Capacity of 200,000 t Refractory  
Chamotte Products per Year

carried out in two variants: the first variant (Figs 1 and 2) for the case that the production share of the products pressed on the presses of 1,200 t and SM-143 does not exceed 85 % of the entire production and the second variant (Fig 3) holds for the contrary case. Further, the model design describes the arrangement of the auxiliary machinery and apparatus (bunker with dosing apparatus, edge runners with automatic control by means of a predictor of the KEP-12/4 type and the intermediate relay EP-41. Conclusions: the working out of the project design of a model press department comprises the economically best solutions with a maximum of mechanization and automation and provides for the establishment of new constructions of presses. The production of an efficient machinery to produce high-quality refractories has to be continued. Criticism expressed by readers may be of advantage for the project.-There are 4 figures and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Vsesoyuznyy institut ogneuporov (All-Union Institute of Refractories)

Card 2/2

RUGA, D.S.

30342

Izmenyeniye tekhnologii proizvodstva dinasa kak smyedstro bor'by s pyl'yu. Ognyeupt, 1949,  
No 10, s. 431 - 44. — Bibliogr: 14 nazv.

SC: LETCPIS' No. 34

RUGA, D. S., Engr.

"Changing the technology of Dinas brick production in order to eliminate dust"

Ogneupory, No. 10, 1949

NORKINA, S.P.; OREKHOVSKAYA, Ye.P.; RUGACHEVA, P.U.; YEL'KINA, G.A.;  
MARSHUNOVA, G.N.

Development of Azotobacter in Chernozem soils. Trudy Vses. inst.  
sel'khoz. mikrobiol. no.14:49-62 '58. (MIRA 15:4)  
(Karabalyнский District—Chernozem soils) (Azotobacter)

RUGADZE, A. K.

Sreej / Skoch  
4

Mathematical Reviews  
Vol. 15 No. 1  
Jan. 1954  
Mechanics

naturally twisted composite beams. Soobščeniya Akad. Nauk Gruzin. SSR 13, 73-80 (1952). (Russian)

Ruhadze, A. K. The problem of stretching of naturally twisted beams composed of various elastic materials. Soobščeniya Akad. Nauk Gruzin. SSR 13, 137-144 (1952). (Russian)

Ruhadze, A. K. The problem of bending by couples of naturally twisted prismatic beams composed of various elastic materials. Soobščeniya Akad. Nauk Gruzin. SSR 13, 265-272 (1952). (Russian)

Šarangava, A. G. On bending by couples of a twisted beam composed of different materials. Soobščeniya Akad. Nauk Gruzin. SSR 13, 389-396 (1952). (Russian)

The problems of extension, torsion and bending by end couples of prismatic beams composed of different elastic materials were formulated and solved under certain restrictions by N. I. Musheilišvili [C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris 194, 1435-1437 (1932); Izvestia Akad. Nauk SSSR. Otd. Mat. Estest. Nauk (7) 1932, 907-945]. A detailed account of the state of problems up to 1949 is contained in Musheilišvili's monograph, "Some fundamental problems of the mathematical theory of elasticity" [3rd ed., Izdat. Akad. Nauk SSSR, Moscow-Leningrad, 1949, pp. 538-591; these Rev. 11, 626].

The object of the papers under review is to extend the Musheilišvili solutions to composite initially twisted beams. The cross-section  $S$  of the beam is assumed to consist of several closed nonintersecting simply connected domains  $S_i$  ( $i = 1, 2, \dots, m$ ), contained within a closed region  $S_0$ .

(over)

RUGALEV, M.I., inzhener.

Hydraulic resistance of a grid. Gidr.stroi. 24 no.5:41-42 '55.  
(Hydraulic engineering)

MATSYUK, L.; RUGALEV, N.; GURBONOV, Ye., red.; SHTOKVISH, S.,  
tekhn. red.

[Corn as a leading crop; work practices used in row crop  
cultivation by L.D.Pynzar', team leader on the "Sovetskii  
pogranichnik" Collective Farm, Yedintsy District] Kukuruza -  
vedushchaya kul'tura; opyt vyrashchivaniia propashnykh kul'-  
tur L.D.Pynzar' - zven'evoi kolkhoza "Sovetskii pogranichnik"  
Edinetskogo raiona. Kishinev, Izd-vo Sel'khoz.lit-ry M-va  
proizvodstva i zagotovok sel'khozproduktov Moldavskoi SSR,  
1962. 10 p. (MIRA 15:7)

(Moldavia--Corn (Maize))

KUTSEV, V.P.[deceased]; BROD, I.O., prof., doktor geol.-min.nauk, otv.red.;  
Prinimaiu uchastiye: KRYMOV, V.P., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik;  
SAMSONOV, L.G., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KUSAKIN, M.N.,  
laborant; RUGALEVA, A.M., laborant; SIBILEVA, V.I., laborant;  
KOLONTAROV, A.P., red.izd-va; GUS'KOVA, O.M., tekhn.red.

[Materials on the geology, and oil and gas potentials of eastern  
Ciscaucasia] Materialy po geologii i nefte-gazonosnosti Vostochno-  
gogo Predkavkaz'ia. Moskva, 1960. 178 p.

(MIRA 13:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Kompleksnaya neftegazovaya geologi-  
cheskaya ekspeditsiya.
2. Nachal'nik Kompleksnoy Severo-  
Kavkazskoy neftyanoy ekspeditsii AN SSSR, 1952-1955 (for Brod).
3. Dagestanskiy filial AN SSSR (for Krymov, Samsonov).  
(Caucasus, Northern--Petroleum geology)  
(Caucasus, Northern--Gas, Natural--Geology)

RUGALEVA, N.A. (Khar'kov).

New data on the performance of siphons. Vod. i san. tekhn. no.5:24-28  
My '58. (MIRA 11:6)  
(Sewer pipe)

RUGAREANU, N.

"Management of the selection forest; suggestions regarding management in our forests." III  
p. 5. (REVISTA PADURILOR, Vol. 68, no. 12, Dec. 1953, Bucuresti, Rumania)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, L. C., Vol. 3, No. 4, April 1954, Uncl.

YEGOROVA, N.G.; KUZNETSOVA, V.Ye.; KUPRIKHIN, V.I.; MARTYNOV, B.P.;  
HUGAYEVA, V.A.; FEDOROVA, L.P.; CHUYAN, K.I.[deceased];  
SHTRUK, G.G., inzh., red.; GORDEIEVA, L.P., tekhn.red.

[General engineering time norms for cold forging] Obshche-  
mashinostroitel'nye normativy vremeni na kholodnuiu shtampovku.  
Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo mashinostroit.lit-ry, 1959.  
(MIRA 13:7)  
151 p.

1. Moscow. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut truda. TSentral'-  
noye byuro promyshlennyykh normativov po trudu.  
(Forging)

GORETSKAYA, Z.D.; BARANOVSKIY, Yu.V.; BERLINER, M.S.; BRAKHMAN, L.A.; KUZNETSOVA, N.I.; MALYAROV, L.N.; CHUYAN, K.I.; DOBRUSINA, Ye.M.; LEONT'YEV, I.B.; MARTYNOV, B.P.; ROSLYAKOVA, S.V.; RUGAEVA, V.A.. Prinimal uchastiye DMITRIYEV, I.P.. STRUZHESTRAKH, Ye.I., inzh., red.; EL'KIND, V.D., tekhn.red.

[General engineering norms for cutting operations and time for broaching] Obshcheshashinostroitel'nye normativy rezhimov rezaniia i vremeni na protiazhnye raboty. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo mashinostroit.lit-ry. 1959. 73 p. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Moscow. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut truda. Tsentral'noye byuro promyshlennyykh normativov po trudu. 2. Rabotniki Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta tekhnologii avtomobil'noy promyshlennosti (NIITavtoprom) (for all, except Struzhestrakh, El'kind).  
(Broaching machines)

RUGE.

MORZYCKI, Jerzy; MORZYCKA, Maria; GEORGIADES, Jerzy; TOMASZUNAS,  
Stanislaw; RUGE, Jerzy; ZEBEK, Maria

Bacteriologic, bacteriophage and chemical studies on the  
Warsaw-Ujście stretch of Vistula. Bull. State Inst. Marine Trop.  
M. Gdańsk Vol.5:255-266 1953.

1. Z Państwowego Instytutu Medycyny Morskiej i Tropikalnej w  
Gdańsku.

(WATER,

\*river pollution in Poland)

RUGE, J.  
BOGUSLAWSKI, W.; BIEGUSZEWSKI, Z.; RUGE, J.

Determination of carbon monoxide in air in certain shipyard halls.  
Med. pracy 5 no.3:181-185 1954.

1. Z Państwowego Instytutu Medycyny Morskiej i Tropikalnej. Dział  
Medycyny Pracy, w Gdansku.  
(AIR POLLUTION,  
carbon monoxide, determ. in shipyards)  
(CARBON MONOXIDE, determination,  
in air, in shipyards)

RUGE, JERZY

Bacteriological, bacteriophage, and chemical investigations of the Vistula River in the section from Warsaw to the river's mouth. II. Jerzy Morzycki, Maria Morzycka, Jerzy Georglades, Stanislaw Tomasznas, Jerzy Ruge, and Maria Zebek (Państwowy Inst. Med. Morskiej i Trop. Med.nej, Gdańsk). *Bull. State Inst. Marine and Trop. Med. Gdańsk, Poland* 5, 253-60 (1953).—The concn. of free O<sub>2</sub> gave the best index of pollution in the samples of H<sub>2</sub>O taken in the vicinity of bigger settlements, of urban and industrial sewers, and near the mouths of the river's tributaries. No correlation was found between pollution and pH, CO<sub>2</sub>, and Cl concn.

L. J. Piotrowski

(7)

RUCHE, SOPHUS.

Die sibirische Eisenbahn. [The Trans-Siberian railroad]. Vortrag. Dresden,  
Zahn & Jaen, 1891. 42 p. (Jahrbuch der Gehe-stiftung zu Dresden. bd. 8,  
hft 1.)

DLC: HE3380.T7R9

SC: Soviet Transportation And Communications, A Bibliography, Library of Congress,  
Reference department , Washington, 1952. Unclassified.

RUGE-LEMARTCICZ, R.

"Influence of acidity on the electrical conductivity of milk." p. 91  
(Foczniki, Vol. 5, No. 1, 1954, Warsaw)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Library of Congress, Vol. 3, No. 6, June  
1954, Uncl.

RUGE-LENARTOWICZ, ROMUALDA

Poland/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their Application. Food Industry,  
I-28

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 63668

Author: Ruge-Lenartowicz, Romualda

Institution: None

Title: Effect of Acidity on Electric Conductivity of Milk

Original

Periodical: Wplyw kwasowosci na przewonictwo elektrolityczne mleka. Roczn. Panstw. Zakl. Hig., 1954, 5, No 1, 91-102; Polish; Russian and English resumés

Abstract: Investigation of the correlation between specific conductivity (SC) of whole milk (38 specimens) and diluted milk (27 specimens) and the acidity within the interval 7-27° Sochlet-Henkel (SH). It was found that on increase in the acidity of whole and diluted milk SC at 25° increases on the average by  $0.8 \pm 0.1 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ ohm}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$  per 1° SH. SC of most specimens of whole milk at 7° SH was  $51.68-57.84 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ ohm}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . under the same conditions diluted milk has a  $\text{SC} < 51.0 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ ohm}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . The more water is added the less is the decrease of SC.

Card 1/2

Poland/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their Application. Food Industry,  
I-28

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 63668

Abstract: Determined were the mean values of SC decrease in milk per 1% of added water: in the interval 0-20%,  $0.35 \cdot 10^{-4}$ ; 20-40%,  $0.278 \cdot 10^{-4}$ ; 40-60%,  $0.208 \cdot 10^{-4}$ ; 60-80%,  $0.15 \cdot 10^{-4}$ ; 80-100%,  $0.161 \cdot 10^{-4}$ ; 100-150%,  $0.108 \cdot 10^{-4}$ ; 150-200%,  $0.072 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ ohm}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ .

Card 2/2

KURE LEMATI  
1965  
The following method was developed by Dr. S. S. Sorenson for the detection of adulteration of milk by dilution. It uses the bromine titration method of U.S. Public Health Service Standard Test No. 27-37-811. Iodine of milk is measured directly less than 3% iodine content. This could be used to detect adulteration of milk by dilution. Alois S. Sorenson

Country	:	Poland	H-28
Category	:	Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. -- Food Industry.	
Abs. Jour.	:	R. Zh. - Khim., No. 11, 1959	40541
Author	:	Ruge-Lenartowicz, R.	
Institut.	:	Not given	
Title	:	On the Addition of Water to Buttermilk	
Orig Pub.	:	Roczniki Panstw Zakl Hig, 8, No 2, 189-197 (1957)	
Abstract	:	The author has investigated the effect of the dilution of buttermilk (B) with water on the physico-chemical properties of B. The lowering of the average value of a number of parameters by the addition of 10% water has been determined experimentally and computationally. In the case of B of sp gr 1.0308, the average drop is 0.00315; in the case of whey of sp gr 1.0243, the average drop is 0.00242 (for whey of refraction index 37.40, the average drop in the latter parameter is 2.21). Good agreement was obtained between the calculated values and the experimental results. The degree of dilution of the B can be estimated from the sp gr of the B and	
Card:	1/2		

L 8957-66 EWT(d)/EWP(c)/EWP(v)/T/EWP(k)/EWP(l)/ETC(m) WW  
ACC NR: AP5026549 SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/019/0096/0096  
AUTHORS: Zaleskiy, V. V.; Potapchenko, V. A.; Titkov, B. P.; Kamanin, V. S.; Orlov,  
A. M.; Rugayev, E. I. 74,55 74,55 74,55 74,55 74,55  
ORG: none 74,55 67  
TITLE: An ultrasonic defectoscope. Class 42, No. 175301 [announced by Scientific  
Research Institute of Machine Construction (Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut  
tekhnologii mashinostroyeniya)] 47,55  
SOURCE: Byulleten' izobrateniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 19, 1965, 96  
TOPIC TAGS: defectoscope, defect indicator, error minimization, ultrasonic equipment,  
ultrasonic inspection, ultrasonic sensor 10  
ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents an ultrasonic defectoscope for inspecting  
items by the shadow method. The defectoscope contains an ultrasonic oscillator and  
also an oscillation transmitter and receiver, both mounted on the item being inspected.  
The device is designed to eliminate the error caused by fluctuations of the signal  
amplitude of the receiver under the influence of changing dimensions of the item made  
of material with a large ultrasonic absorption coefficient. A modulator is included in  
the receiver circuit, and the output voltage of this modulator is used for feeding the  
feedback voltage to the oscillator. The modulator output voltage possesses a fairly  
high inertia for preventing a change of the oscillator signal level under the action of  
sharp, brief signal changes caused by the defects. An auxiliary receiver which is  
used for the voltage control of the oscillator may be mounted on the surface of the  
Card 1/2 UDC: 620.179.16

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ACC NR: AP5026549

O

item adjacent to the base.

SUB CODE: 09, 13/ SUBM DATE: 03Feb64

BYK  
Card 2/2

NIAGN, V.; DUVAM, S.; RUGENDOR, Ye.

Treatment of tumors of the bladder with radioactive cobalt.  
Urologiia 26 no.1:52-56 '61. (MIRA 14:3)  
(COBALT-ISOTOPES) (BLADDER-TUMORS)

TANE, Tini; RUGENDORFF, B.W.; MIHALIA, V.

Method of early diagnosis of urinary lithiasis. Stud. cercet. med. intern. 5 no.3:319-326 '64.

ULMEANU, F.C., prof.; MESTES, E.; RUGENDORFF, E.W.

Experimental radiomicroangiographic investigations during effort.  
Rumanian M Rev. no.1:273-274 Ja-Mr '61.

1. Chair of Physiology of the Institute of Physical Culture. Head of  
the Chair: Professor F.C. Ulmeanu.  
(EXERTION physiology) (BLOOD CIRCULATION)  
(ANGIOGRAPHY experimental)

BURGHELE, Th., academician; COVALIU, Tina; RUGENDORFF, E.W.; MIHAILA, V.

Diagnostic and therapeutic importance of complex investigations  
in urinary lithiasis. Stud. cercet. med. intern. 6 no.2:  
197-204 '65.

THEODORESCU, B., Prof.; CUNESCU, V., dr.; DIMITRIU, D., dr.; VLAD, C., dr.;  
RUGENDORFF, E. W., dr.

Hemodynamic changes and circulatory function tests in mitral stenosis. Med. int., Bucur. 8 no.3:360-372 July 56.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica medicala a Spitalului "Coltea"  
si in Clinica Chirurgicala a Spitalului "Panduri."  
(MITRAL STENOSIS, blood in  
hemodynamic changes & circ. funct. tests)

PRICESSES AND PROPERTIES. Note  
The asphaltite from the Lower Cambrian blue clay of  
Kunda (Estocia). L. Ritter, Z. deut. ges. Ges. 93,  
49-53(1941); Chem. Zentr. 1943, II, 990.—Several samples  
were examd. Analysis gave C 72.23, H 8.95, N 1.1,  
O 7.52, ash 5.2%. The d. was 1.118 at 19.3° and 1.131  
at 18°. The sample was deep black, with strong luster and  
brown-black streak. Hardness is between 2 and 3, nearer  
2. At room temp. the substance is brittle and remains so  
up to about 40°. The softening point lies considerably  
above 100°. Heated on a Pt sheet the substance does not  
flow but swells strongly while it burns with a yellow, very  
spotty flame. The residue is a porous coke. The material  
is readily sol. in  $\text{CCl}_4$ ,  $\text{CS}_2$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$  and turpentine, less sol.  
in benzene, almost insol. in alc. and ether. By dry distn.  
at 200°, 33.8% coke resulted. A qual. test for V was pos.  
D. W. Pearce

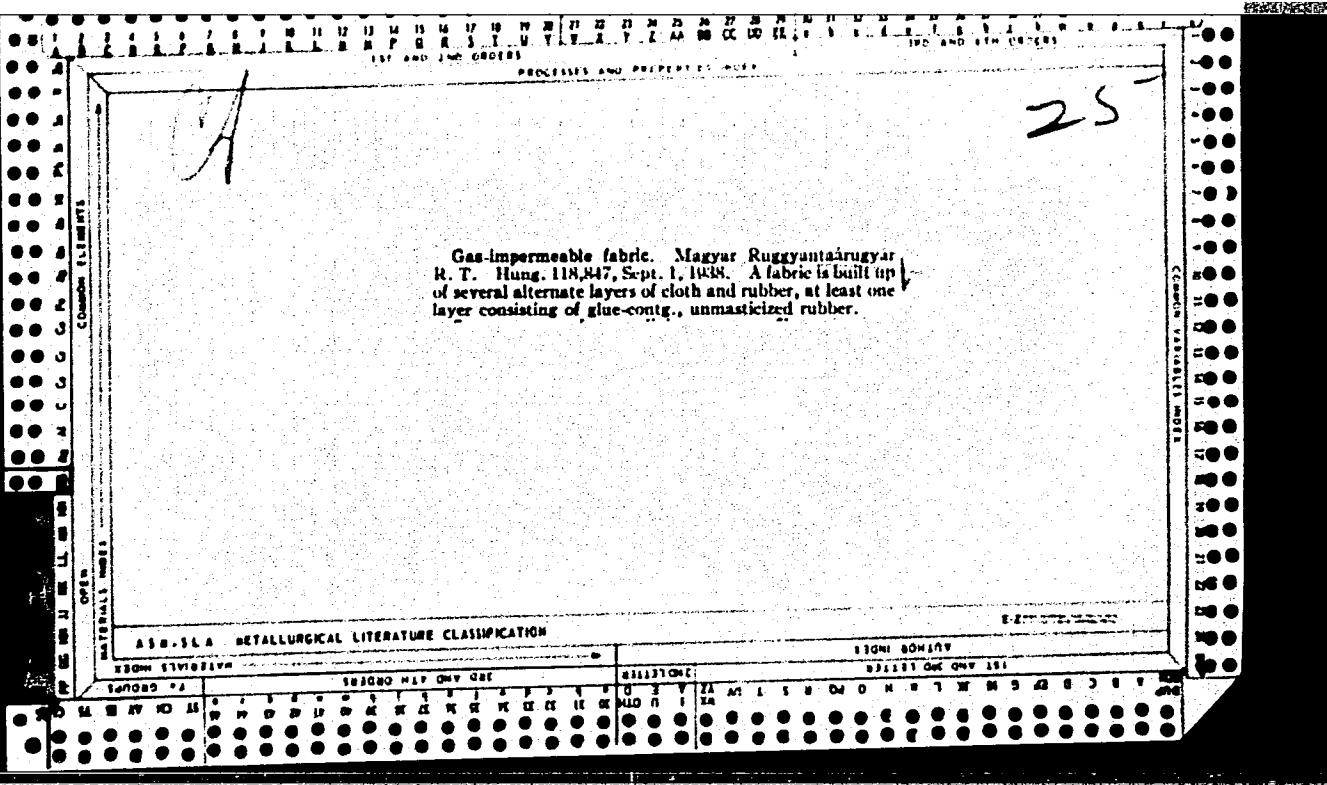
RUGER, I.

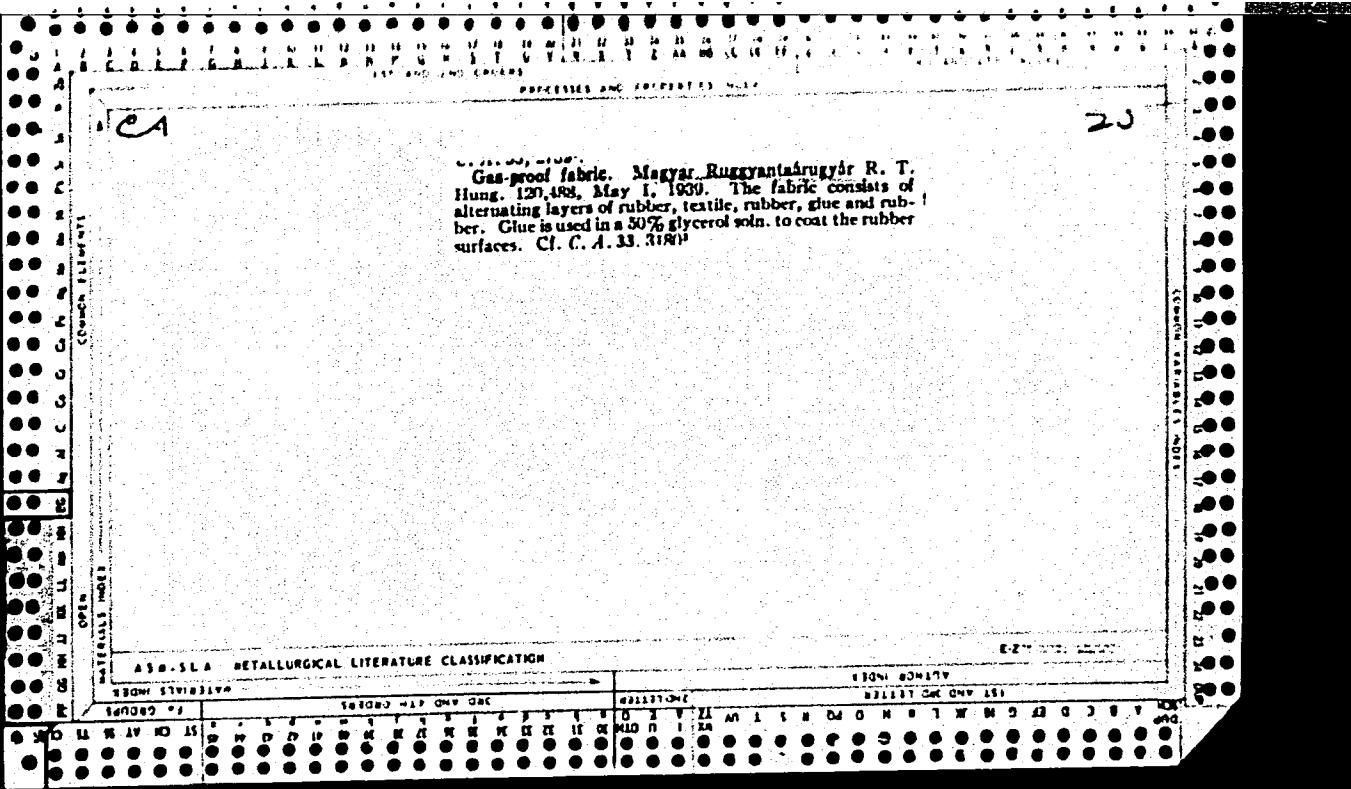
"Management of Materials, A Connecting Link Between the Technological  
and Purchasing Departments. Tr. from the German", P. 32. (TÖRETEKÉLES  
Vol. 6, No. 2, Feb. 1954, Budapest, Hungary)

SC: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (FEAL), LC, Vol. 4,  
No. 1, Jan. 1955, Uncl.

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Vectocardiographic changes and their diagnostic significance  
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\*

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10-17 '62.

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(Hours of labor) (Tekeli--Zinc industry)  
(Tekeli--Lead industry)

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JAKAB, I.; ZAHARESCU, A.; RUGINA, I.

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Receptivity to scarlet fever assessed by Dick's reaction with fractional doses of purified toxin. Microbiologia (Bucur) 6 no. 1:69-76 Ja-F '62.

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ADRIAN, V., dr.; NUBERT, G., dr.; RUGINA, V., dr.;  
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(SHOULDER-HAND SYNDROME) (RHEUMATISM)  
(ELECTROTHERAPY)

BALMUS, P., conf.; MAGERU, V., dr.; NUBERT, Gr., dr.; CARASIEVICI, V., dr.;  
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Clinical and biochemical studies with radioactive phosphorus in  
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(JOINT DISEASES) (CARTILAGE) (CALCINOSIS)  
(PHOSPHORUS ISOTOPES) (PHOSPHORUS METABOLISM DISORDERS)

FUG-AUK

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(BALNEOLOGY) (RESPIRATION) (EXERCISE THERAPY)

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(DIABETES MELLITUS, complications)  
(ADRENAL CORTEX HORMONES, therapy)

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Technical progress in the construction industry of the Opole Voivodeship. Przegl techn 85 no. 42:9 18 0 '64.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001446010013-1

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001446010013-1"

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Grains.

ii-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 9, 1958, 39231

Author : Bulkov, A.F., Ruguzov, A.I.

Inst : -

Title : Corn Growing in Kabardinskaya ASSR.

Orig Pub : V sb.: Kukuruza v 1955 g. Vyp. 6, M., Sel'khozgiz, 1956,  
155-165.

Abstract : The high yielding capacity of the inter-strain hybrids VIR  
42 [VIR - All-Union Plant Cultivation Institute] and VIR  
25 is shown by the Kabardinskaya agricultural experiment  
station and by variety-testing plots of the Kabardinskiy  
ASSR. Corn agrotechny (peculiarities of corn growing with  
irrigation, the influence of fertilizer on the yield), is  
developed. A green conveyor method for the kolloidizes of  
sub-mountainous regions of the republic is developed. --  
Ye. T. Zhukovskaya

Card 1/1

RUMZOV, A. M.

L. I. ANTONOV, Severo Kavkazskii Zernovol Inst. (North Caucasian Grain Inst.)

Collection of Sci. Papers No. 1, 142-6(1933)

PHILIP, F.S.; MARTIROSYAN, V.B.; RHOONOTYAN, I.L.

Maintaining the reservoir pressure in the Chek-Slat oil field.  
(KUR 1824)  
Left. Then. 43 no. 446-52 to 165.

RUGYI, Gyorgy dr.

Giant bronchogenic air cyst in 4 month old infant. Tuberk.  
kerdesei 9 no.1:20-21 Feb 56

1. A csornai Jarasi Korhaz (igazgato foorvos: keviczky Pal dr.)  
Csecsemo es gyermekosztalyanak (foorvos: Bugyi Gyorgy dr.)  
kozlemenye.

(LUNGS, cysts

giant bronchogenic air cyst in 4 month old inf.(Hun)

(CYSTS

lungs, giant bronchogenic air cyst in 4 month old inf. (Hun))

RUHL, L.

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March 1959, Unclass.

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1. Dyrektor Instytutu Geologicznego, Warszawa.

RÜHLE, Edward

Ways of realizing technical progress in geology.  
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RUHLE, Edward

Participation of Polish geologists in the cartographic works of  
the International Congress of Geology. Nauka polska 12 no.4:182-  
185 Jl-Ag '64.

1. Institute of Geology, Warsaw.

RUHLE, Edward, prof.

The Geological Institute; ten years 1953-1^62. Review Pol  
Academy 9 no.2:48-65 Ap-Je '64.

1. Director, Geological Institute, Warsaw.

RUHLE, Edward

Stanislaw Doktorowicz-Hrebnicki. Nauka polska 10 no.3:31-34  
My-Je '62.

1. Instytut Geologiczny, Warszawa.

RUHLE, E.

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PERIODICAL: PREZGLAD GEOLOGICZNY. VOL. 6, NO. 11, NOV. 1959.

Ruhle, E, Institutes of geologic sciences in the Soviet Union. p. 469.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC VOL. 3, no. 4  
April 1959, Unclass.

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Geologic research in connection with prospecting for natural gas and oil  
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Uncl.

RUHLE, H.

Prestressing foundations of high reinforced-concrete towers. p. 157.

(INZYNIERIA I BUDOWNICTWO, Vol. 14, No. 4, Apr. 1957. Warszawa, Poland.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) Lc. Vol. 6, No. 10, October 1957. Uncl.

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TECHNOLOGY

Periodical: IZVESTIIA. No. 5/6, 1958.

RUHLE, H. One the affect of forced stresses in constructions of prefabricated-reinforced concrete. p. 79.

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RUHLE, H.

Construction of statically undetermined structures by means of the  
subsequent strengthening and binding of prefabricated concrete elements.  
p. 133. Vol. 4, No. 3, 1955. MAGAR EPITOIPAR. Budapest, Hungary.

SOURCE: East European List, (EEAL) Library of Congress Vol. 6, No. 1  
January 1956.

Country : USSR  
CATEGORY :  
ABB. JOUR. : RZBiol., No. 1, 1959, No. 363  
AUTHOR : Kuybyshev, Yu. P.  
INSTITUTION : Kuybyshev Hydrological Institute  
TITLE : Seasonal Variation of Zoolinkton of the  
Volga River in the Area of Construction of  
Kuybyshev hydroelectric station.  
ORIG. PUB. : Tr. Kuybyshevsk. ned. in-ta, 1957, 7, 52-72  
ABSTRACT : Seasonal changes in biomass of zooplankton  
in its runoff. Highest runoff is observed in May  
(40.9% of the annual) and in June (47.7% of the annual).  
CARD:

RUEHMANN, J.

Manufacturing steel pipes in Hungary. (To be contd.) p.362

KOHASZATI LAPOK. (Magyar Bányaszati es Kohaszati Egyesulet)  
Budapest, Hungary  
Vol. 13, no.8, Aug. 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC., Vol. 8, no.7, July 1959  
Uncl.

KUHMANN, J.

Manufacturing steel pipes in Hungary. p.422

KOHASZATI LAPOK. (Magyar Bányaszati es Kohászati Egyesület)  
Budapest, Hungary  
Vol. 13, no.9, Sept. 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) I.C., Vol. 8, no.7, July 1959  
Uncl.

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Remark about the article by Dr. Jozsef Vero entitled "Stylistic errors in technical texts." Koh lap 97 no.1:56 Ja'64.

1. "Kohaszati Lapok" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja.

Ruhniewicz, K.

3840

033.853.404 : 543.01 : 665.334.9

Ruhniewicz K. The Average Moisture Content of Rape-Seeds Supplied to  
Industry and Originating from Different Years of the Campaign.

"Przeciętne wilgotności rzepaków dostarczanych przemysłowi w kilku latach kampanijnych". (Prace Gl. Inst. Przem. Roln. i Spół. No. 1),  
Warszawa, 1954, WPL, 5 pp., 2 figs., 4 tabs.

By putting together the results of some years of investigations over  
the moisture content of rape-seeds from different districts of Poland  
with the average values of relative moisture, the relationship of these  
two factors was established. This relationship was worked up statistic-  
ally and diagrammatically.

AG

RUKOWICZ, A.

"Oil" solutions of carotene and their applications. Rukowicz and H. Jarmolowicz (Zaklad Olejów i Tłuszców, GIPR(S), Warsaw). *Prace Głównego Inst. Przemysłu Rolnego i Spółzyczezo 3, No. 3, 1-12(1954)* (English summary).--Carotene (I) was extd. by beechnut oil, hazelnut oil, peanut oil, and rapeseed oil from the I-contg. aluminum sediment which settles in raw carrot juice. These expts. were kept at room temp. (17-23°, depending upon the time of the year); they contained 0.250-1.347 mg./ml., and this ussny A remained practically unchanged for a long time (av. loss 7.7% over 4 months) if such solns. were protected with parafin and CO<sub>2</sub>. Exposure to sunlight caused a rapid decrease of I to 23.7% of the original value, but if an antioxidant were present, the amt. dropped to 45.8% only (typical expt.). These statements held true for all the oils used. These solns. were added to butter (II) and margarine (III) so that 2-3% I was present per g. of II or III. If I were kept in the dark at 0°, no loss of I could be found in II or III after 3.5 months, but there was a loss of 2-20% if the II or III were exposed to light, and a loss of 4-12% if an ordinary household refrigerator (not 0°) were used. The coloration was always satisfactory. Werner Intropach

RHOWICZ, K.

Berger, S.; Rhowicz, K.

"Action of carotene (pro-vitamin A) in oil solutions; a preliminary report." p. 502  
(Roczniki, No. 4, 1953, Warsaw)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Library of Congress, Vol. 3, No. 6, June.  
1954, Uncl.

RUHOWICZ, K.  
POL.

3182

005.3 : 061.3.033.94 : 577.16 : 547.87

Ruhowicz K., Farmolewicz H. Carotene Solutions in Vegetable Oils.  
"Olejowe roztwory karotenów i ich zastosowanie". (Prace Gl. Inst.

Przem. Roln. i Spół. No. 3), Warszawa, 1951, PWT, 12 pp., 22 tabs.  
Research was carried out over the faculty of certain vegetable  
oils to extract carotene from albuminous carotene sediment obtained  
from raw carrot juice. The solutions so obtained were used as a colouring  
in margarine and butter. The proportion of carotene added varied  
from 2 to 3 γ per gramme of margarine. The experiments proved caro-  
tene to be an eminently suitable medium for colouring both margarine  
and butter. Certain physical, chemical and organoleptic changes occur-  
ring in the oily solutions of carotene, as well as in margarine and butter  
to which carotene had been added as a colouring and which were stored  
in varying conditions — in refrigerators, in daylight etc. — were de-  
termined.

See also: 3079, 3085, 3086, 3170, 3201, 3202, 3207, 3210, 3223.

2635

Rukowicz K. *Praca*

"Otrzymywanie olejowych roztworów karotenu z marchwi" (Prace

Gr. Inst. Przem. Roln. i Spół. No. 2), Warszawa, 1952, PWT 13.5 pp.  
19 tabs.

Investigations over obtaining carotene oil solutions from carrots were carried out by means of five different methods. Common market carrots, non selected, with varying intensity of colour were used for these investigations. As a starting point for evaluating the carrots, the carotene yield per unit of cultivated area should be taken and not — as hitherto — the yield of roots per unit of cultivated area. In this trial test, three kinds of vegetable oils were used: refined industrial rape-seed oil, refined industrial sunflower-seed oil, and non-refined beech oil obtained in the Oil Division of GIPRIS (Warsaw Polytechnic). The best results as regards carotene extraction were obtained with the beech oil, the worst with refined sunflower-seed oil. As to the yield of carotene, the best results, from among the five methods for the preparation of carotene oil solutions, were obtained by extracting boiled carrots, with oil. This method is, however, very troublesome and expensive because of the considerable amount of products to be treated, high losses of oil, difficulties in utilizing the oily carrot refuse and the time required for extraction. The method of extraction from the carrot juice precipitate proved to be the most practical. Although the yield is lower than in the method already described, the process itself can be easily carried out. In the method of extracting the boiled carrot with oil, great difficulties are involved in working with the remaining pulp containing in laboratory conditions about 30% of oil. In the process of extracting the carrot juice precipitate, all waste products are valuable for further use — for example, in preparing syrup, alcohol, yeast, feed and forage products.

RUMS, F.

RUMS, F. A special Redel skew product in the theory of groups.  
In German. p. 160.

Vol. 16, No. 3/4, Dec. 1955  
ACTA SCIENTIARUM MATHEMATICARUM  
SCIENCE  
Szeged, Hungary

So: East European Accession, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1956

RUIBIENE, E.

Some immunological and biochemical indices in children with rheumatism  
and with chronic tonsillitis. Sveik. spsaug. no.7:7-12 '62.

1. LTSR MA Eksperimentines medicinos institutas.  
(RHEUMATISM) (TONSILLITIS) (BLOOD PROTEINS)  
(BLOOD SEDIMENTATION)

RUIBYS, S.

Modification of the serum glycoprotein level in rheumatism. Sveik.  
apsaug. no.9:17-23 '62.

1. LTSR MA Eksperimentines medicinos institutas.  
(GLYCOPROTEINS) (RHEUMATISM)

RUM/9-11-5-14/39

25(1,5), 28(1)  
AUTHOR: Ruican, Gavrila, Engineer

TITLE: Research on the Specific Data Determining the Applica-  
bility of Flow-Layer Butt-Joint Welding for Sheet Con-  
structions

PERIODICAL: Metalurgia si Constructia de Masini, 1959, Vol 11,  
Nr 5, pp 422-432 (Rumania)

ABSTRACT: The author presents research data obtained on Rumanian  
made automatic welding machines of the type ADS-1000,  
Kjelberg, in order to arrive at criteria of correct  
welding of butt joints. Results of tests on the ma-  
chine type TS-17 are also utilized. The author finds  
that the welding of sheet up to 12 mm thick can be  
made on both types of machines. For sheets above 12  
mm in the case of one-side welding on machine ADS-  
1000 the joint edges must be cut by 35 to 50°. This  
measure is not necessary for the machine TS-17. The  
joining of sheets of 12 to 15 mm thickness should be  
made preferably by two-side welding. For thicknesses  
above 15 mm, welding with TS-17 slanted edges of the ✓

Card 1/2

RUM/9-11-5-14/39

Research on the Specific Data Determining the Applicability of  
Flow-Layer Butt-Joint Welding for Sheet Constructions

joining are required. For high-stress parts multi-layer welding is necessary. Lengthwise joints, particularly for thick sheets, are preferably welded with the machine ADS-1000 in one or more layer seams. Ring-shaped seams are preferably made with the machine TS-17, since the great penetration power ensures the achievement of the seams in a single passing of the arc. Based on the tests described, the operation plans have been established for welding in the ranges under 12 mm, 12-15 mm, 15-20 mm, and above 20 mm for longitudinal and circular seams. There are 8 tables, 4 photographs, 2 diagrams and 7 references, 3 of which are Soviet, 2 German, 1 Czech and 1 Rumanian.

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Card 2/2

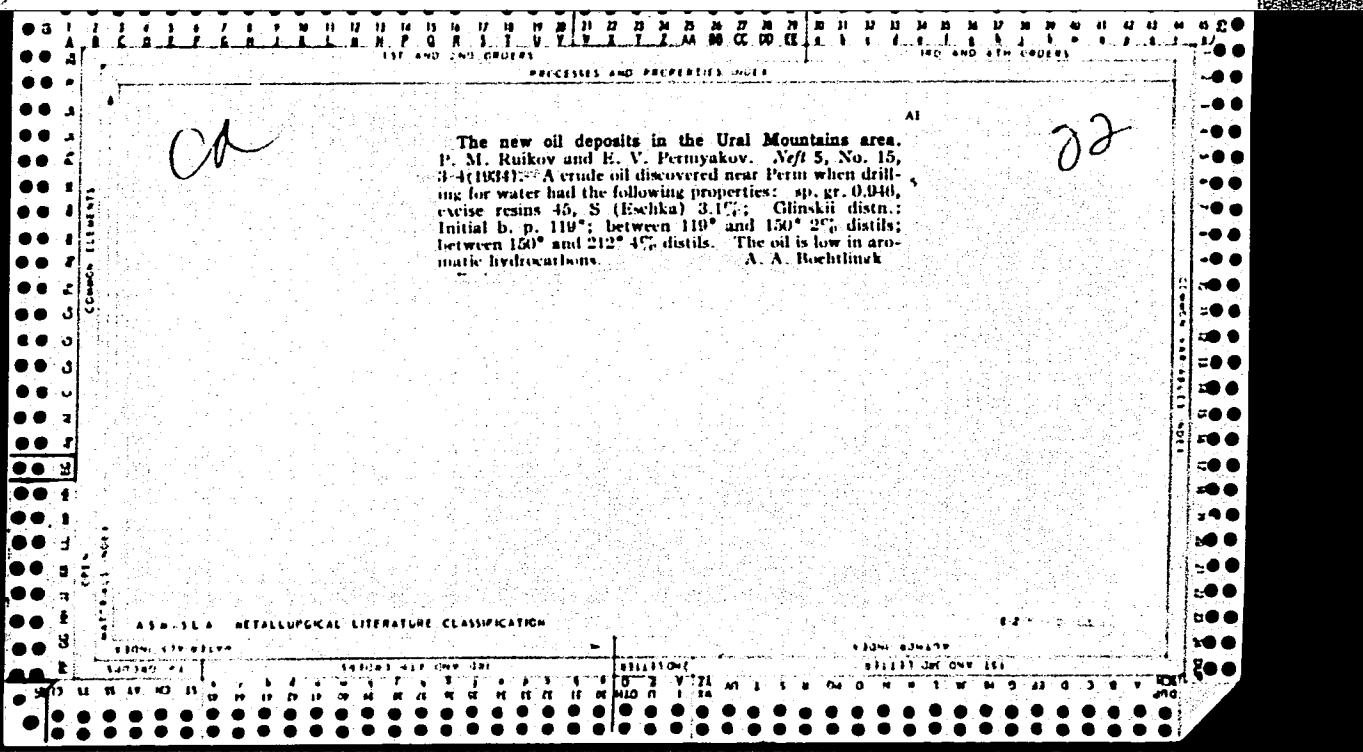
RUICAN, G.

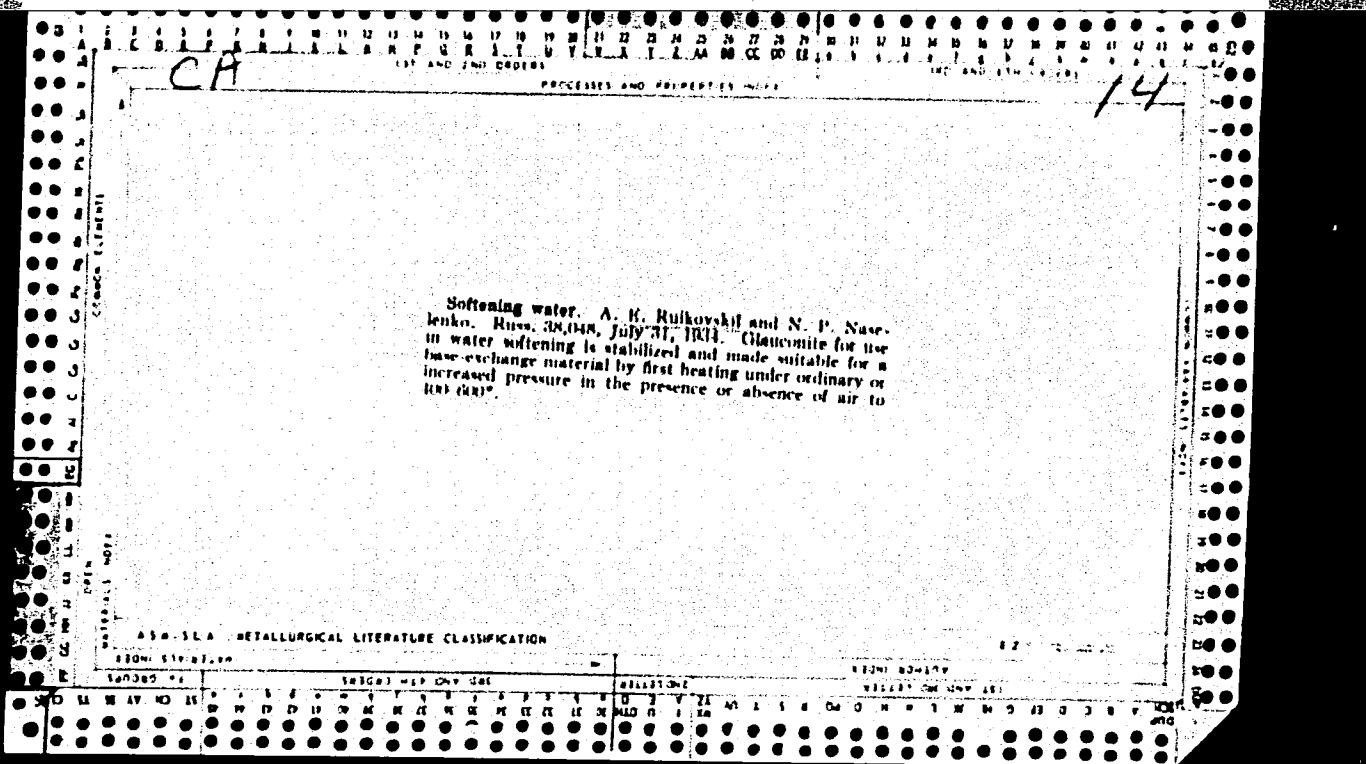
TECHNOLOGY

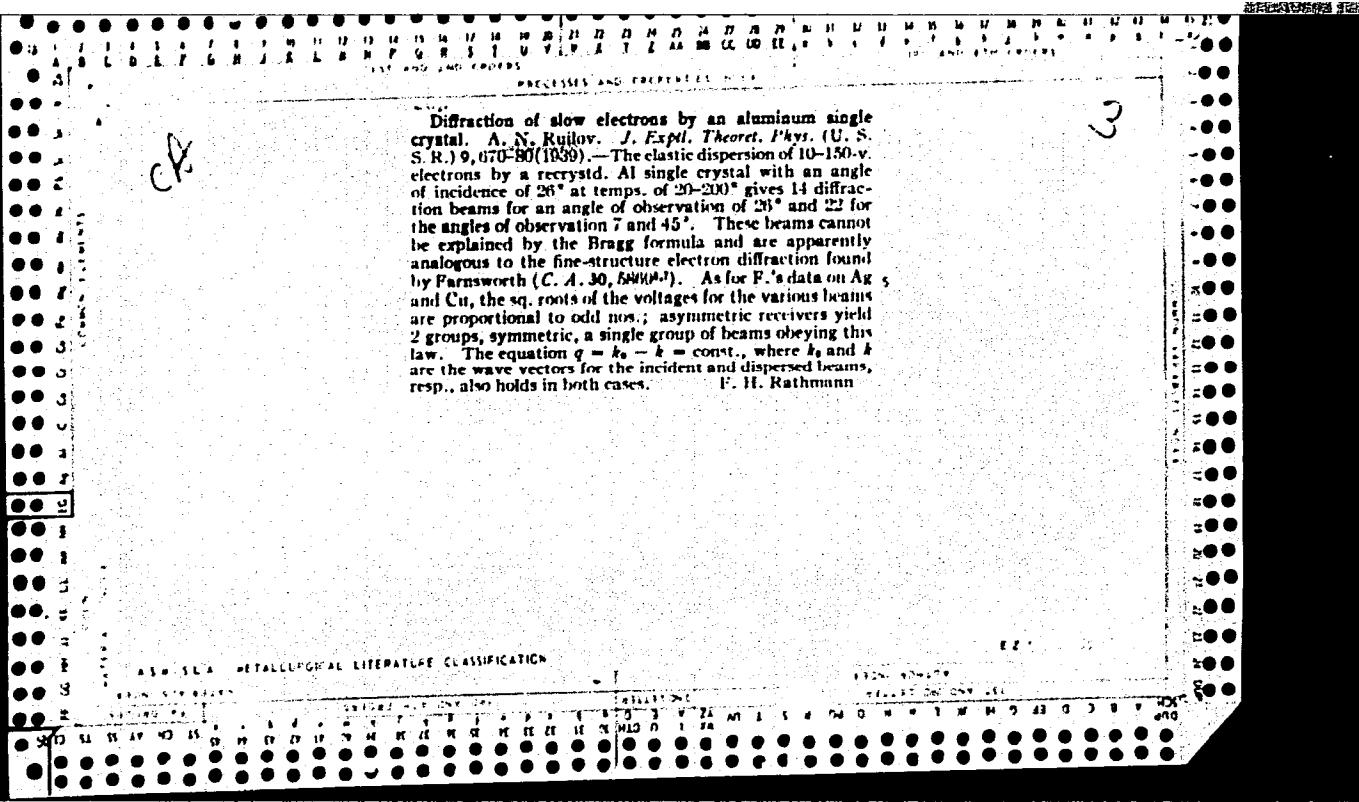
Periodicals: METALURGIA SI CONSTRUCTIA DE MASINI Vol. 10, no. 5, May 1958

RUICAN, G. Application of welding methods in the manufacture of the equipment for the petroleum industry. p. 394

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No.2,  
February 1959, Unclass.







Distr: 4B2c

/ Physicochemical properties of smelter dust and the  
strength of the report of the dust from the USSR.

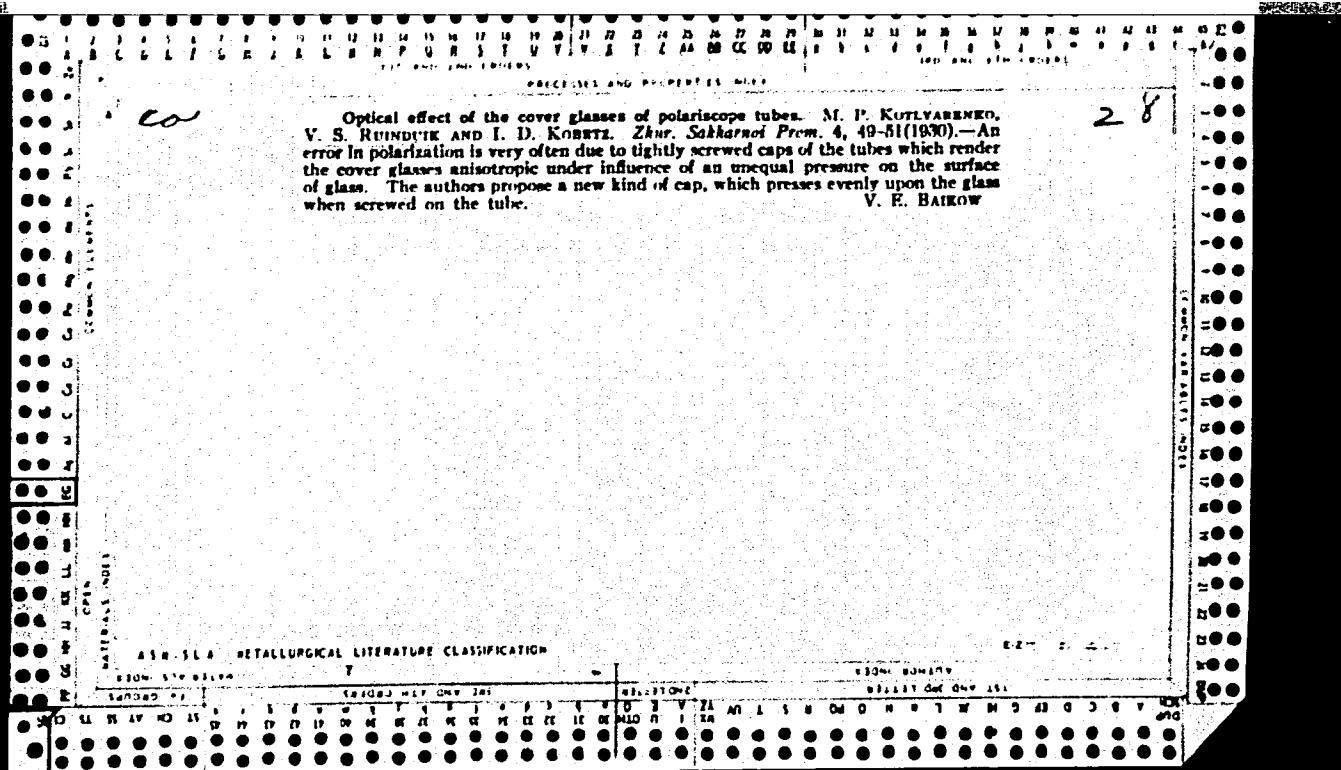
Journal of the American Ceramic Society, March 1953, p. 155. From  
Soviet Metallurgy, 1956, Abstr. No. 708. Dust samples were  
heated to given temps., then slowly cooled. Crushing strength  
of the sample increases slightly with the height of the temp.  
at which it was fired until this temp reaches the recrystn  
point. In further increase of temp. the strength increases  
greatly in cold tests, and decreases in hot tests, in conse-  
quence of the appearance of plastic properties. The farther  
along in the gas-passages of open-hearth furnaces, the finer  
is the dust; the finer particles contain more oxides of Fe and  
less SiO<sub>2</sub> and CaO, than do the large particles.

A. N. Pastoroff

1-4-a

11,

RB



IONESCU-MUSCEL, I., prof. ing.; REBEDEA, C., ing.; COTIGARU, B., ing.;  
RUICEA, Maria, ing.; STOIAN, Elena, ing.; NISTOR, N.; BAIETONIU, P.

Mixed cotton and flax duck for protection clothing. Ind text  
Rum 12 no.8:313-318 Ag'61.

RUISL, Anton, inz.

Short operational tests of the CEPI apparatus for boiler  
feed-water treatment. Energetika Cz 14 no.2:84-85 F'64

1. Chemicke zavody W.Piecka, Zavod Nitra.

RUISZ, Rezso, dr., okleveles kozgazda.

Territorial distribution of dwelling and working places in  
Budapest. Kozi tud sz 13 no.3:138-144 Mr '63.

1. Belkereskedelmi Kutato Intezet osztalyvezetoje; "Kozlekedes-  
tudomanyi Szemle" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja.

RUISZ, Rezso, dr.

Optimum store network of residential districts. Epites szemle  
8 no.2:59-62 '65.

1. Division Chief, Internal Trade Research Institute, Budapest.

SCHMOR, Geza, dr.; RUISZ, Rezso, dr.

Commerce and technology. Technika 8 no.1:1 Ja '64.